

BREAHHITT COUNTY NEWS.

J. WISE HAGINS, Editor and Publisher

A NEWSPAPER DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF EASTERN KENTUCKY.

One Dollar Per Year in Advance

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Thanksgiving Day



THANKSGIVING DAY is as distinctly indigenous to America as is the turkey, that bird which is so indissolubly connected with the commemoration of the day.

A dinner in that day without the gobble or its mate would be no feast at all, though a hundred other viands were included in the menu.

Thanksgiving day, known nowhere else than in the United States, as a national institution, is of decided modern invention. President Lincoln, just 40 years ago, was moved by the great victories of Gettysburg, Vicksburg, and other points, these coming thick and fast after so many previous disasters, to designate a day in which the people of the entire nation might meet and render thanks to God. This first national Thanksgiving day was designed to be distinctly religious in its character, and the intent of the president was understood and carried out by the people.

The churches of the cities and towns and villages were filled that day with fathers and mothers and sisters who offered grateful prayers to God for the victories won and for the preservation of their loved ones who moved daily amid scenes of imminent danger.

True, the Thanksgiving day idea dates back of this. The Pilgrims in Massachusetts, in the year following their landing at Plymouth, met in their church in obedience to the governor's proclamation to return thanks for a generous harvest.

Washington did make two Thanksgiving proclamations, but only at the suggestion of the congress. Two subsequent presidents flatly declined to issue such proclamations, insisting that the absence of the constitution as to religion forbade any such exercise of power by the chief executive.

Hence, it is within reason and right to say that Thanksgiving day, as a national festival, began in 1863, and was instituted by President Lincoln.

But by a rapid process of evolution the religious feature, that which gave rise to the day, has been diminished. In larger cities but a limited number of churches open their doors for service, while in the smaller ones a single house of worship will conduct what is termed "union service" for all denominations. Usually there are many vacant pews in those churches that are opened.

The day has developed into "home" day, one in which the loved ones meet with glad hearts, and doubtless thankful ones, too, and felicitate one another that it is as well with them as it is. Those who live at a distance, and those who are traveling upon the

road, turn their faces towards the home roof in advance of the coming of Thanksgiving day, that they of one blood may be together on that day, and spend the hours in recalling the past, so much of it as is pleasant. Or they engage in joyful songs, or innocent pastimes, all filled and thrilled with the goodness of life.

Whether or not the people are less religious than formerly does not enter into this discussion. There are 82 days in the year set apart for Sunday church observance, and the people by a sort of common consent have seen fit to spend this, the one day of the year, under their own vine and fig-tree, undisturbed by callers, holding communion with those who are bone of their bone and flesh of their flesh.

Surely there can be nothing in celebration of religion in the home sentiment, that is so marked a feature of Thanksgiving day. The home is the safety of the state. It is here that youth receives its influences for good or ill. It is here that men are made or unmade. Can there be higher tribute to the beneficent influences of home life and the happiness of it than the modern universal practice in these states of every man and woman, with their children, making a "home day" of Thanksgiving?

May not the happy hearts and glad faces of these home eaters be a pleasanter sight in God's eyes than the spectacle of long and solemn-faced couples going to church to sing solemn psalms. In any event one may not sacrifice any spirit of gratitude to the good God for His mercies because his heart is glad and warm in the surroundings of a loved and lovable home.

Yet blessed is that nation whose God is the Lord, and who is a happy suggestion that came to the great Lincoln to nationalize one day of the year in which to praise the Lord because He is God, and to give thanks to His holy name for mercies that endure from generation to generation.

WILLIAM ROSSER COBBE

THANKSGIVING ON THE NILE.



Mr. Crocodile—What will you have, dearie?
Mrs. Crocodile—Some dark meat, without dressing, please.

THE OLD AND NEW THANKSGIVINGS

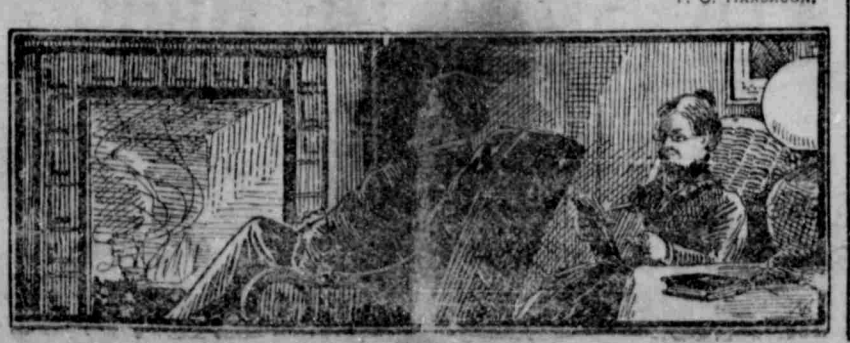
FAIR Autumn has painted the fringe of the wildwood. The river is clear as they slide to the sea. And back from the vista of the childhood Come laughter and song that are boundless and free: The feasting of old years heartiest do remember. For the ticks of the years have an echoing time. And again the soft skies and the frosts of November Recall the Thanksgivings we kept long ago.



THEY fade not, no matter how swift is Time's river. We cherish them all for the life that they hold. And dearer they grow, day by day they grow dearer. Framed by Affection in Memory's gold. Again in the glow of the past the scenes come true. The feasting of old years heartiest do remember. For the ticks of the years have an echoing time. And again the soft skies and the frosts of November Recall the Thanksgivings we kept long ago.



PRAISE God for His goodness! He kept us Nation When darkness and trials o'ershadowed the land; His love and His care were the pillars of our faith. Who put their faith on the wave-baten strand; O lands of Thanksgiving! ring out in the morning. We've planted in love, and we reap as we sow. The sun of God's love is the landscape adorning. And Freedom remembers her birth to a glow. T. C. HARRISON.



Mayer Takes a Bride.
Washington, Nov. 18.—J. A. Smythe, mayor of Charleston, S. C., was married here to Miss Ella Calvert Campbell, at the home of the bride's parents in the presence of a few guests. The bride's family being in mourning.

SITUATION CRITICAL.

San Domingo Completely Invested by 4,000 Insurgents.

Gen. Wos y Gil Refuses to Capitulate and a General Attack and Desperate Fighting is Expected Within in the Next Few Days.

San Domingo, Monday, Nov. 18.—The political situation here is serious. The insurgents are bombarding the city. Gens. Wenceslao Figueroa and Juan Francisco Sanchez are refugees in the foreign legations. The city is completely invested by 4,000 men under Figueroa and four other generals. A general attack is expected within the next few days. Gen. Wos y Gil refuses to capitulate and it is believed that the fighting will be severe. The situation is desperate and fighting in the streets is likely to occur at any moment.

The cruiser Baltimore has been compelled to recoil. Minister Powell is endeavoring to protect American interests with the limited means at his disposal. A German naval vessel is ready to land troops at a moment's notice. The insurgents endeavor to have Minister Powell recognize them, but this the minister refused to do.

The revolutionists fired on the Clyde liner New York as she entered the port of Samoa. The vessel was uninjured. The Dominican government has appointed Minister of Foreign Relations Galvan and Judge George Gray, of Delaware, as commissioners to arbitrate the Santo Domingo improvement matter, as the result of Minister Powell's determination to compel the carrying out of the terms of the protocol. Commissioner Galvan will leave for the United States to-morrow. It is possible that the insurgents may endeavor to capture him.

New York, Nov. 18.—The United States government has refused to recognize the blockade of San Domingo ports, made two days ago, and has protested against it. This was confirmed by Collector Stranahan, of the port of New York, Tuesday. The collector received telegraphic advices from the treasury department, advising him that the state department does not consider the blockade effective and has entered a vigorous protest against it. The collector, in conformity with his instructions, and the protest, has notified masters of vessels sailing to San Domingo ports that clearance papers will be issued for any ports in San Domingo, thus officially setting the effectiveness of the blockade.

KITCHENER INJURED.

The Well Known British Commander Thrown From His Horse.

Simla, Nov. 17.—Gen. Lord Kitchener, commander-in-chief of the British forces in India, received severe injuries while riding horseback, alone, six miles from here. His horse leaped a fence while passing through a tunnel and threw Gen. Kitchener against the side of the tunnel, breaking both bones in one leg just above the ankle. Gen. Kitchener lay disabled until coolies, who happened along with a richshaw, brought him here. Physicians immediately set the broken bones and the patient is doing well.

CHARGES FILED.

The Impeachment of District Judge Kirkpatrick Requested.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Charges were filed with Speaker Cannon Monday by James W. M. Newlin against Andrew Kirkpatrick, United States district judge for New Jersey. The impeachment of Judge Kirkpatrick is asked on the ground that "He has brought the administration of justice into contempt through his being the active president of a trading corporation." The charges were referred to the judicial committee.

CHARGED WITH MISCONDUCT.

Petition For Removal of J. B. Thomas as Governor of Dayton Home.

Washington, Nov. 17.—A petition by D. B. Ballard asking for the removal of J. B. Thomas as governor of the central branch of the national military home for disabled volunteer soldiers at Dayton, O., was filed in the house Monday. Charges of misconduct are made against Thomas.

Judge Wright's Appointment.

Washington, Nov. 17.—The nomination of Judge D. Thew Wright, of Cincinnati, to be associate justice of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, was taken up by the senate judiciary committee at its meeting and ordered to be favorably reported for confirmation of the senate.

Arizona Wants Admission to Union.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Gov. Brodie, of Arizona, in his annual report to the secretary of the interior, urges that the interior department aid in securing the passage of an enabling act for the admission of Arizona to statehood.

To Regulate Profits.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Representative Bede introduced a bill to regulate the profit on articles of necessity manufactured by persons having a monopoly of the same, the regulation to be made by the inter-state commerce commission.

Mayer Takes a Bride.

Washington, Nov. 18.—J. A. Smythe, mayor of Charleston, S. C., was married here to Miss Ella Calvert Campbell, at the home of the bride's parents in the presence of a few guests. The bride's family being in mourning.

FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

Extra Session.

Washington, Nov. 13.—Senate.—The following bills were introduced in the senate Thursday: By Senator McClellan, to waive the agricultural census in 1905. Senator Allison appointed the following committee to reorganize the committees of the senate: Hale, chairman; Gallinger, Hansbrough, Burrows, Penrose, Foster (Wash.), Quarles, Scott. Senator Clark introduced a bill appropriating \$50,000 for a suitable monument in Washington to Gen. Frederick William Steuben, of the revolutionary war.

House.—Representative Payne Thursday introduced in the house a bill making effective the Cuban reciprocity treaty. The measure was at once referred to the ways and means committee. Mr. Roberts (rep. Mass.) introduced a bill removing the tariff on tin tubulins coal containing less than 90 per cent of fixed carbon and slate; also a bill removing the duty on hides. Representative Lovering (Mass.) reintroduced his bill of the session to make the currency responsive to the varying needs of business. The speaker announced the ways and means committee as follows: Republicans—Messrs. Payne (N. Y.), Dazell (Pa.), Grosvenor (Cal.), Farney (Minn.), McCall (Mass.), Babcock (Wis.), Metcalf (Cal.), Hill (Cal.), Boutelle (Ill.), Watson (Ind.), Curtis (Kan.), Democrats—Messrs. Williams (Miss.), Robertson (Va.), McCann (N. Y.), Cooper (Tex.), Clark (Mo.).

Washington, Nov. 14.—House.—The following among other bills were introduced in the house Friday: Extending the privileges of national soldiers' homes to veterans of the confederacy; reducing the rate of interest on one cent; providing a penalty of ten years imprisonment for the crime of train robbing and imprisonment for life for the crime of obstructing a passenger train; abolishing the secretary of treasury to reimburse governors of states for money expended by them to ward the expenses of state troops mustered into the volunteer service during the war with Spain; authorizing the issuance of currency redeemable in bonds of the United States; providing for "post check notes" of the denominations of \$1, \$4 and \$5.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Senate.—Among other bills introduced Monday were the following: By Mr. McClellan (N. D.), permitting the use of the entire proceeds from public land sales for irrigation systems; by Mr. Quarles (Wis.), to repeal the desert land law, and the other and stone act and the commutation clause of the homestead act; by Mr. Perkins (Cal.), to amend the immigration laws so as to exclude aliens over 16 years old who can not read and write; by Mr. Burton (Kan.), to expedite the settlement of the land in the Kiowa, Comanche and Apache reservations in Oklahoma territory and for the purchase of a national forest reservation in the South Apachean mountains; by Mr. Martin (Va.), for the construction of a memorial bridge across the Potomac between Washington and Arlington.

House.—The house Monday made a fair start on the legislation for which it was called. The speaker announced adopting a rule under which a vote will be taken at 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon on the bill to make the Cuban reciprocity treaty effective and binding on the Cuban side. The rule was adopted by a party vote with the exception that six republican members from Michigan and California joined the minority in opposition to the rule. The democrats opposed the rule on the ground that it was drastic and prevented a vote being taken on any amendment to the bill while the six republican votes cast against it included opposition to the measure. The speaker opened the debate in a speech whose keynote was that the measure would not injure sugar, tobacco or any other interests and was demanded by national honor and good faith. For the minority Representatives Williams (Miss.), Swannom (Pa.) and Robinson (Ind.) made speeches, criticizing the republicans for their tariff policy and the excessive taxation of the public. Mr. Swannom predicted danger to our foreign commerce from higher foreign tariffs unless we initiate tariff reform and declared the tariff question again would become an issue.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Senate.—Messrs. Cockrell and Dryden Tuesday presented to the senate an address from the committee on the subject of insurance companies of the country, asking for legislation looking to the prohibition of the use of the mails by bogus insurance companies by so extending the lottery laws as to make them applicable to the same.

House.—The house resumed consideration of the Cuban bill. The notable incidents of the day were the speeches of Mr. Stevens (rep., Minn.), who spoke in opposition to the bill, and the speech of Mayor-elect McCrellan (N. Y.). Mr. Stevens argued that the bill was a "terrible blow" at one of the most promising agricultural industries of this country and that the measure will imperil our vast foreign trade. Mr. McCrellan delivered his valedictory to the house, making an argument in favor of the bill, during the course of which he criticized the administration of Gen. Wood in Cuba and charged the republicans with responsibility for what is lacking in the fulfillment of the duty of the United States to Cuba.

To Place Trust Articles on Free List.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Representative Richardson introduced a bill to place all trust made articles on the free list and to reduce the rate of duty on all articles manufactured in this country and sold more cheaply abroad than here.

Death of Gen. R. F. Bernard.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Brig. Gen. Reuben F. Bernard, a veteran of the civil war, who participated in 103 battles and skirmishes in that conflict, and in subsequent Indian campaigns, is dead at his residence in this city.

THE NEW REPUBLIC.

Mr. Adm. Glass and Other Officials Call on the Junta.

A Military Band Played the "Star Spangled Banner" on the Americans' Arrival and on Departure From the Building.

Panama, Nov. 17.—Mr. Adm. Walker, who is practically President Roosevelt's representative on the isthmus, and Consul General Judger, who is here to direct the relations of the United States with the de facto government, called at the palace at 2:30 o'clock Monday afternoon and in the name of the United States government, paid their respects to the members of the junta. Mr. Adm. Walker presented a letter from President Roosevelt and there were mutual exchanges of good wishes. Otherwise the visit was quite informal.

The junta Monday appointed a commission composed of Senor Arlas and Epifanio to proceed at once to Colon and confer on board the United States steamship Mayflower with the Colombians who arrived there Sunday night on what is understood to be a peace mission. The so-called peace commissioners are from the department of Bolivar, but it is not yet known whether they are authorized to represent the Bogota government or whether they came on behalf of the department of Bolivar to recognize the new republic.

Panama, Nov. 18.—At 8:30 Tuesday morning the flagship Marblehead hoisted the flag of the republic of Panama and saluted it with 21 guns. The Tres Noviembre, a gunboat of Panama, displaying the American flag, answered the salute. The shore batteries also fired a salute of 21 guns, which the Marblehead answered.

At 10 a. m. Mr. Adm. Glass, Consul Judger and Commander Phelps, accompanied by Lieut. Philip Andrews and S. W. Trellwider, officially called on the junta. A military band played "The Star Spangled Banner" on the Americans' arrival at the palace and on their departure from that building. They were received by the members of the junta, the cabinet ministers and Gen. Huertas, Jeffries, Diaz and Varen, and their staffs. Adm. Glass said he was glad to officially call upon the government of the republic of Panama. It had been a great pleasure for him to salute this morning the flag of the new republic, for whose prosperity and greatness he made the best wishes.

Senor Arango, a member of the junta, answered, saying that in the name of the junta and of the people of Panama he expressed sincere pleasure at the presence of the gallant fleet of the United States, "to whom the isthmus is deeply grateful for the hand of fellowship so generously and promptly extended to them by their great president."

Mr. Judger proposed a toast to a new Panama canal treaty, which was answered by Gen. Varen, who toasted President Roosevelt and the United States army with great cordiality. During the ceremony large crowds of people surrounded the palace of the government.

Colon, Nov. 18.—The commission from the republic of Panama met the commissioners from Colombia on board the Mayflower Tuesday.

During the conference Nicaraguan Insignares, a brother of the governor of the state of Bolivar, who was the spokesman of the Colombians, made a strong appeal to the Panamanians not to disrupt the republic of Colombia, and he supplemented his appeal by the solemn assurance that Colombia would grant all the rights demanded by the isthmians and eventually carry out their grand project of building the canal.

Replying to Senor Insignares, Senor Tomas Arlas, representing the junta, said the Bogota government and the Colombians generally did not appear to grasp the actual conditions prevailing on the isthmus. The resolution, Senor Arlas said, was born absolutely of the unanimous desire of the entire people of Panama and was irrevocable. It was the act of a now independent government already thoroughly organized and formally recognized by the United States government in receiving its representative, Senor M. Philippe Buauvarilla, as well as by the governments of France and Italy.

Senor Arlas said to them: "Colombia will always find in this country the most sincere brotherly feeling. The political ties binding the isthmus to Colombia have been broken, but the fact is not that of the isthmus. The ties of affection, however, can never be broken."

Senor Insignares, in answer, expressed his deep sorrow at finding that the hopes of reconciliation were impossible of realization and that the actions of the people of the isthmus of Panama were irrevocable. He declared that all the people of Colombia would unite in an effort to enforce the rights of the republic on the isthmus of Panama even at the cost of great sacrifices.

Russian Foreign Office Notified.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 18.—Ambassador McCormick Tuesday formally notified the foreign office here of the recognition of the republic of Panama by the United States. Foreign Minister Lansdorp replied that Russia would take no action until the czar's return.

Shot His Infant Brother.

St. Joseph, Mo., Nov. 18.—Theodore Hayes, aged 15, is alleged to have fired a bullet into the brain of his 3-year-old brother Tuesday because the infant annoyed him by crying. The child died instantly.

STATE NEWS ITEMS

LOCKED JAILER IN THE CELL. / STANDARD TIME IS LEGAL.

Mother of a Prisoner Assisted Him and Another Man to Escape.

Frenchburg, Ky., Nov. 17.—Monday William Hopkins and Floyd Webb, each sentenced to three years in the penitentiary, escaped from jail in a peculiar manner. Webb's mother visited him, going with Jailer Hackney as he took dinner to the prisoners. Some shavings had been placed inside the cell door and the jailer undertook to gather them up.

As he stooped Mrs. Webb pushed him in the cell and locked the door. The two prisoners then ran out of the jail and started for the hills. Leo Brown, a prisoner awaiting trial for wife murder, pushed the woman aside and released the jailer. Rev. C. W. Williams, a Methodist minister, overtook and recaptured Webb. Hopkins was also captured.

LAUGHTER MAY CAUSE DEATH.

Judge Haskins' Amusement at An Initiation May Result Fatally.

Owensboro, Ky., Nov. 16.—County Judge H. M. Haskins lies at the point of death at his home in this city. He is suffering from an internal hemorrhage, and physicians say that the chances are against recovery.

The facts concerning Judge Haskins' illness are very peculiar. He was an amused spectator at the initiation of two young men into the Elks lodge Thursday night. The funny antics of the candidates caused the sides of the venerable judge to shake with laughter. He left before the meeting was over, saying he was ill. Friday he had the first hemorrhage. The physicians say he broke a blood vessel from laughing.

TWO JUDGES APPOINTED.

O. T. Crouse Succeeds J. W. Henson, and E. A. Brown, Jr., Special Judge.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 14.—Gov. Beckham Friday appointed O. T. Crouse to be judge of Webster county, to succeed J. W. Henson, who was recently elected circuit judge. He also appointed Judge E. A. Brown, Jr., of Owensboro, as special judge, to try the case of commonwealth vs. Holland, in Callaway county. Holland was sheriff of Callaway, and shot and killed Harry Keys, a brother of the county clerk.

GRIEF CAUSED INSANITY.

Night and Day a Farmer Remained By His Wife's Grave.

Bowling Green, Ky., Nov. 17.—After remaining by the grave of his wife for almost eight days and nights William N. Hill, a wealthy farmer of this county, was removed to his home by force. Monday afternoon he was adjudged a lunatic, the jury deciding that insanity was due to grief over the death of his wife.

The Organization Completed.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 11.—It is announced that the details have been completed for the financing of the Burley Tobacco Growers' Association by the New York Security & Warehouse Co., of New York, to the extent of \$10,000,000, the growers to raise 15 per cent of the amount. This amount and more is assured.

White Now Claims the Election.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 16.—Another claimant for the certificate of election in the Eleventh congressional district is ex-Congressman John D. White, who claims that when the official returns are in it will be found that he has a plurality over both Dr. W. G. Hunter and D. C. Edwards, his republican opponents.

Will Be Presented With a Medal.

Harrodsburg, Ky., Nov. 17.—A movement is on foot among the democrats of this county to present T. C. Dutton with a handsome medal. Though Mr. Dutton is 90 years of age, on election day he went to the polls at Salvisa and took with him five sons, five sons-in-law and 20 grandsons, and all voted the straight democratic ticket.

Religious Revival at Frankfort.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 17.—Rev. Clarence B. Strouse, of Salem, Va., opened a union meeting at the opera-house here. Rev. Mr. Strouse spoke to 500 men at the opening service, and at the conclusion he called for men who had decided to live better lives to stand up as a testimony of sincerity. Every man in the house arose.

Candidates For Speaker.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 16.—Five candidates for speaker of the Kentucky house of representatives, which assemblies in about six weeks, are now actively in the field. The contest is one of the most interesting that has been seen in Kentucky for many years.

Strikes in the Kentucky Oil Fields.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 16.—During the past week in the Kentucky oil fields wells were completed as follows: Wayne county, 4; Knox county, 3; Cumberland county, 2; Bath and Rowan counties, 3; Floyd county, 1. There were a few scattering strikes also.

Has Abandoned Lexington.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 17.—W. W. Webster, of Pennsylvania, who came to this city last winter and formed a stock company to build an oil refinery in this city, is now preparing to build a refinery in Chapulte, Kan.

Question of Insurance Payment Hinges on Court's Decision.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 16.—Judge Gordon decided, in the case of two paint houses against an insurance company, that standard time is official by reason of usage. The insurance company claimed that solar time prevailed in Louisville when the contract for the policy was printed, and that this should determine whether "noon" solar time or "noon" standard time was meant. The plaintiffs' buildings caught fire on the day the insurance policy expired after "noon" solar time and before "noon" standard time. The policy read that it should be in force until "noon" without qualifying the expression further.

NEW REPUBLICAN PAPER.

The Knox News Has Been Established at Barboursville.

Barboursville, Ky., Nov. 14.—A new paper, the Knox News, has been established at this place. The sheet will be printed in the same building in which the Barboursville News, an independent paper, is printed. W. M. G. Dishman, editor of the Barboursville News, will be manager of the Knox News. This is the first republican paper in this place for many years.

FOUND DEAD IN BED.

Former Representative Thos. A. Smith Passed Away Suddenly.

Mayking, Ky., Nov. 16.—Thomas A. Smith, aged 57, a prominent politician and ex-representative, having served a number of terms in the Virginia legislature, was found dead in bed at his home near McConnell Sunday morning. Death was caused by heart trouble. Mr. Smith was well known in Kentucky and Virginia.

FIRE AT HUSTONVILLE.

One Block Burned Entailing a Loss of \$50,000.

Hustonsville, Ky., Nov. 17.—This town was almost destroyed by fire Monday. One block was burned, entailing a loss of \$50,000. Among the buildings destroyed are the Weatherford hotel, Meyers' general store, Adams & Bros., druggists; C. W. Wheeler, dry goods; Tore & Co., general store, and Daniel J. Adams' residence.

Prominent Educator Dies.

Covington, Ky., Nov. 16.—In the death of Prof. George A. Yates, who passed away Sunday morning, Covington loses one of its oldest and most honorable citizens, a man who has probably done more for the education and welfare of the present generation during the last 40 years than any other man in the city. Prof. Yates had been ailing for a year.

Newport Mill May Cut Wages.

Newport, Ky., Nov. 17.—Whether or not the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers shall consent to a reduction of independent mills is a question that has been raised by a letter written by Col. J. A. Andrews, president of the Newport rolling mill, to the local lodge asking consent to a reduction of 20 per cent. in the scale of wages now paid.

Feudist is Released.

Owingsville, Ky., Nov. 16.—Harvey Moore, after languishing in jail for two years, was admitted to \$5,000 bail. He was charged with murdering Finley Tolliver, 72 years old, one of the leaders in the feuds between the Tollivers, on one hand, and the Logans and Martins on the other. Only one male of the Tolliver faction now survives.

Judge Williams Selected.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 17.—On recommendation of State's Attorney General Pratt, Gov. Beckham has selected Judge B. G. Williams, of this city, to appear before the appellate court here on Tuesday of next week in behalf of the state in the Jim Howard murder case. Attorney W. M. Smith, of Louisville, will represent Howard.

B. J. Ewen in Covington.

Covington, Ky., Nov. 14.—B. J. Ewen, the principal witness in the case against Jeff and White, convicted of the killing of Attorney Marcum at Jackson, Ky., passed through this city Friday and paid a visit to City Engineer Gunn.

Victim of the Wreck Buried.

Russellville, Ky., Nov. 17.—The remains of Ed Sturgis, who was killed in the wreck on the Knoxville division a few days ago, were brought here and buried. A delegation of railroad men came in a special car and attended the burial.

Will Fix New Freight Rates.

Mt. Sterling, Ky., Nov. 17.—The Kentucky state railroad commission will hold its last session in Frankfort November 21, to wind up the assessment for 1903. It is rumored that the board will fix new freight rates.